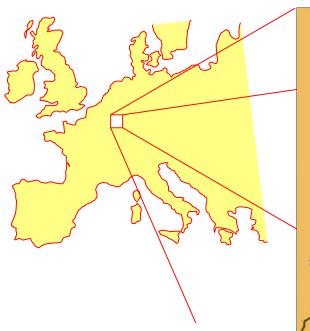


New developments and growing international cooperation in the field of emergency preparedness and response.







10 NPP's within 250 km

Total population: 537 000

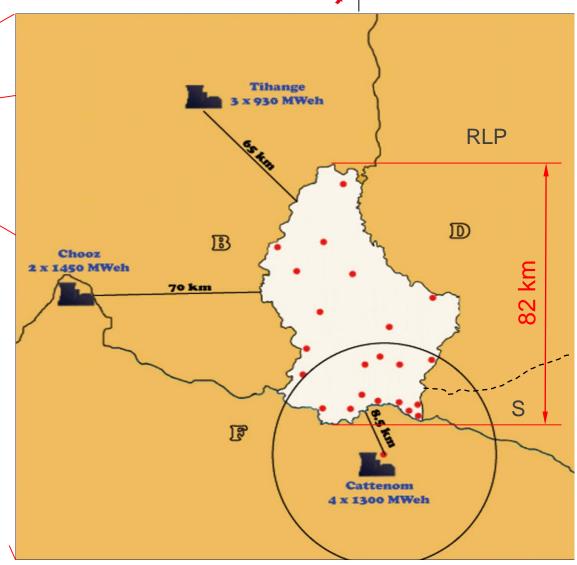
Foreign population: 238 800 (44.5 %)

Approx. 170 nationalities

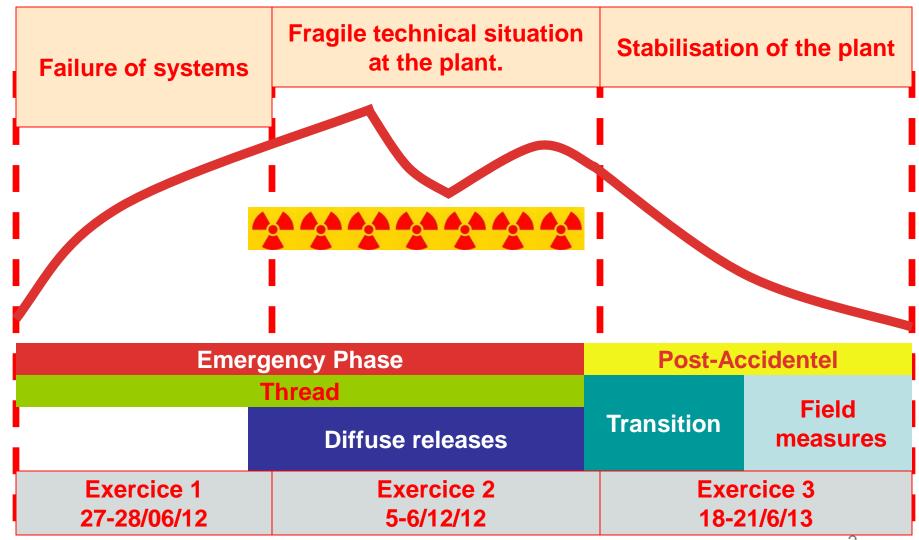
Working population: 365 400

Commuters: 161 000

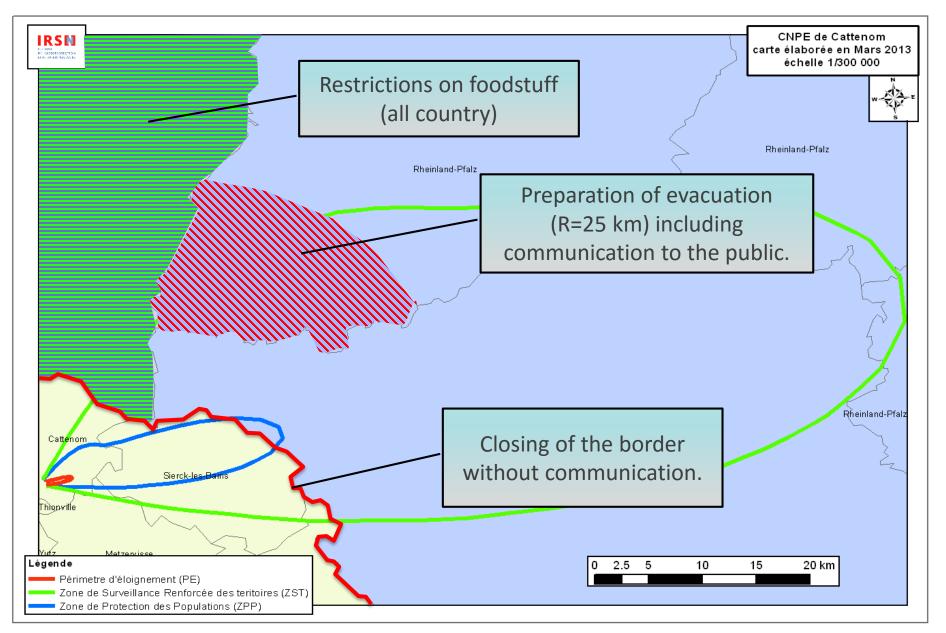
® STATEC 2013













In preparedness

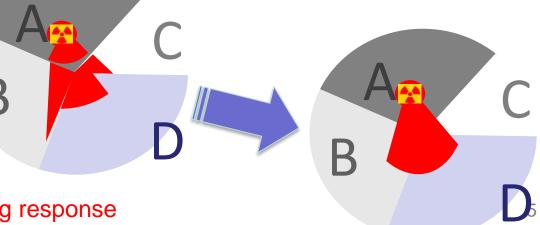
- Different strategies
- Different intervention criteria (level and definitions)
- Different types of protective actions
- Different planning radii
- Different crisis management structures
- Different assessment tools

During response:

- Different appreciation of uncertainties.
- Different radiological assessment results.
- Mistrust.
- Language barriers.
- Inflexible communication channels.

Ideal Solution:

- 1) Harmonization
- 2) Coordination during response





Report 1:

Approved in June 2013



Emergency Preparedness

Practical proposals for further harmonisation of the reactions in European countries to any distant nuclear or radiological emergency

Approved on the occasion of the $11^{\rm th}$ HERCA Board of Heads meeting on 27 June 2013 in Reykjavik.

Report 2:

Approved in June 2014



Emergency Preparedness

HERCA-Approach for a better crossborder coordination of protective actions during the response in the early phase of a nuclear accident; development and practical testing

Project H13-10 a.2 - Version 21" May 2014





- 1. Increasing of awareness concerning the perception in the accident country
- 2. Collection of good practises concerning crisis communication.
- 3. Check list with key recommendations for radiation protection authorities
- 4. Organizing the return of people
- 5. Preparedness guide for Embassies

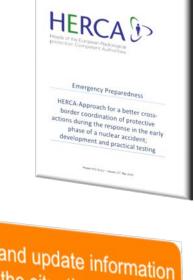


This report should be in your hands whenever such an emergency happens in future!

Main results concerning nearby accidents (report 2)



- Before an accident
 - Enhance mutual understanding
- In case of an accident
 - Early phase of an accident (first hours)
 Do the same as the country where the accident occurred
 - Mid-term (after the first hours)
 Development of a common situation report



The accident country should provide and update information required to understanding the situation

Neighbouring country uses the information to check consistency of the response in the accident country

Neighbouring country aim at aligning recommendations for decisions on protective actions with accident country



LE GOUVERNEMENT DU G DUCHÉ DE LUXEMBOURG

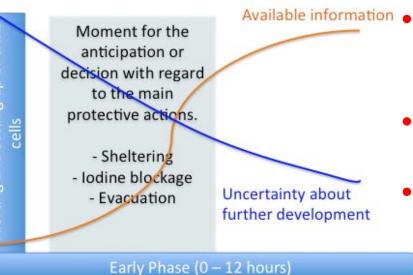
HERCA

- Workshop in Cologne
 - 18 participants attended from 10 countries
 - 3 scenarios (Loviisa-1, Cattenom, Emsland)

Main results

• The approach has the potential to improve the coherence of the response in case of a nuclear accident

- Mutual knowledge of EP&R arrangements is essential
- Frequent information updates by the accident country on the situation are most important
- Differences in EP need to be smaller than uncertainties



- Full harmonization ≠ essential
- Reduction of differences in EP needed!!!

HERCA-WENRA cooperation

LE GOUVERNEMENT DU GRAND-DUCHÉ DE LUXEMBOURG

Scenario:

- Extreme event with a risk of core melt and large radioactive release
- Lack of sufficient information
- Necessity for fast decisions

Simplistic assessment:

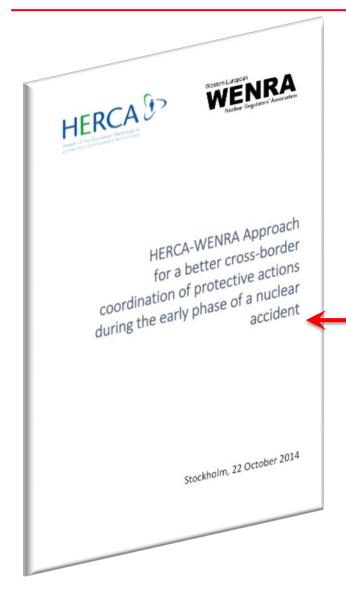
Is there a risk of core melt?	Yes	No	Unknown
Is the containment integrity maintained?	Yes	No	Unknown
Is the wind direction?	Steady	Variable	Unknown

Preparedness requirements:

Protective Action	Min. Planning Zone	Strategy for extension
Evacuation	5 km	20 km
Sheltering + ITB	5 to 20 km	100 km

Coordination mechanism:







http://www.herca.org/ http://www.wenra.org/

http://www.herca.org/uploaditems/documents/HERCA-WENRA%20approach%20for%20better%20cross-border%20coordination%20of%20protective%20actions%20during%20the%20early%20phase%20of%20a%20nuclear%20accide.pdf

Implementation of the HERCA-WENRA Approach



LE GOUVERNEMENT DU GRAND-DUCHÉ DE LUXEMBOURG

Country fact sheets

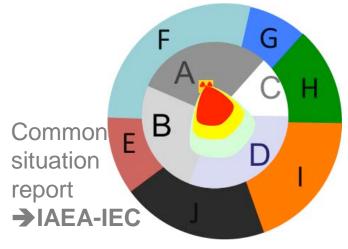


EU-BSS: Common understanding of reference levels



Guidance for bilateral or multilateral arrangements





Discussion with national Authorities in charge of Civil Protection





The HERCA-WENRA work builds on other existing tools and systems:

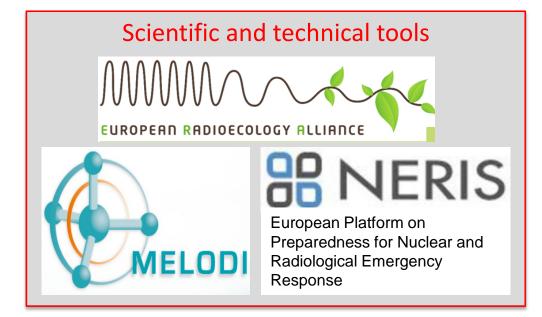
Communication and information exchange





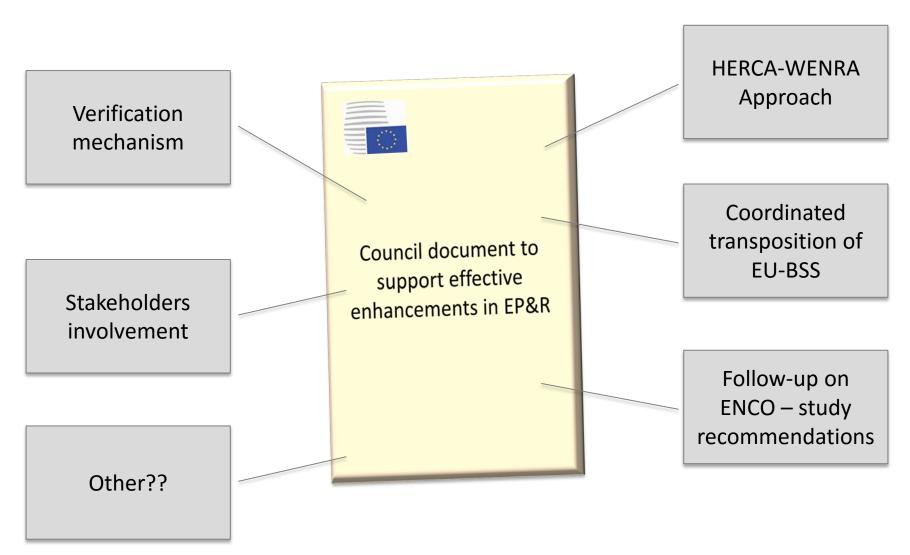


IAEA USIE Unified System for Information Exchange











- Efficient EP&R arrangements in Europe, regularly challenged and tested
- Cross-border issues not sufficiently considered.
- Important work has been done in recent years.
- > Efforts on implementation are on-going